

# Presheaf models for concurrency

$\mathbb{P}$  category of paths, and extensions

Category of presheaves over  $\mathbb{P}$ :

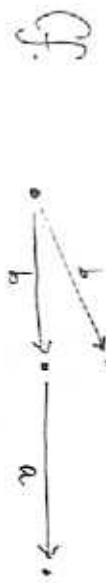
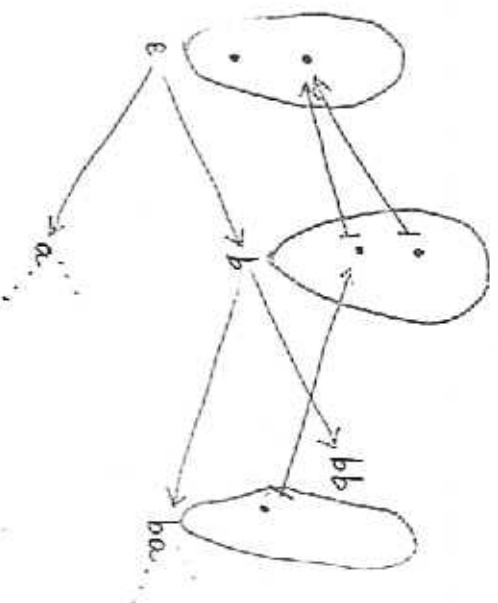
$$\hat{\mathbb{P}} = [\mathbb{P}^{op}, \text{Set}]$$

- A presheaf as "transition system" with path shapes in  $\mathbb{P}$ .  
Open maps & bisimulation on presheaves.
- $\hat{\mathbb{P}}$  as a free colimit completion
- If  $F: \hat{\mathbb{P}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{Q}}$  is colimit preserving, then  $F$  preserves open maps & bisimulation.
- The category of presheaf categories as a domain theory.

$\mathbb{P}$  - strings  $L^*$

$\hat{\mathbb{P}}$  - "synchronisation forests"

Eg.  $L = \{a, b\}$



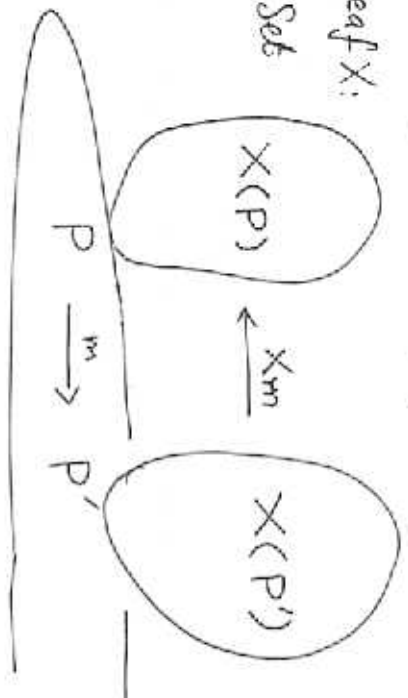
Synchronisation trees over  $L$  equivalent to "rooted" presheaves over  $L^*$ ,  
or as presheaves over  $L^+$ .

The category of presheaves over  $\mathbb{P}$ :

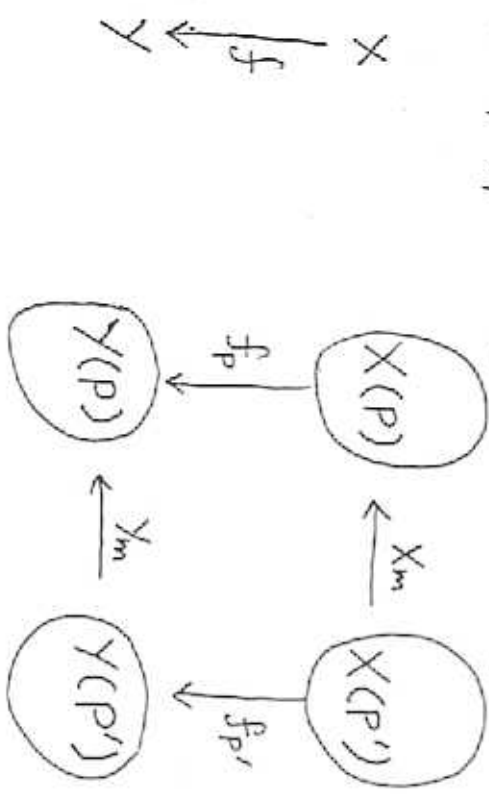
$$\widehat{\mathbb{P}} = [\mathbb{P}^{op}, \text{Set}]$$

A presheaf  $X$ :

$$X: \mathbb{P}^{op} \rightarrow \text{Set}$$



A map of presheaves (a natural transformation):



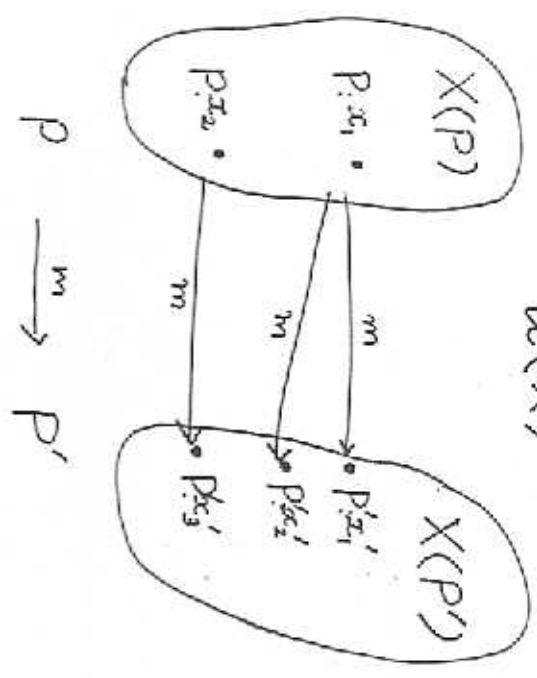
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Presheaves as "transition systems":

$$X \in \widehat{\mathbb{P}}$$

Its category of elements

$$\mathcal{el}(X)$$



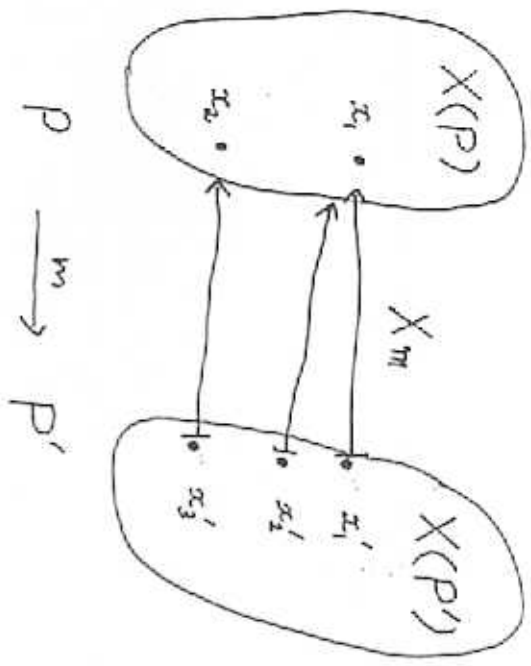
$$X \xrightarrow{f} Y \text{ yields } \mathcal{el}(X) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{el}(f)} \mathcal{el}(Y),$$

a functor.

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Presheaves as "transition systems":

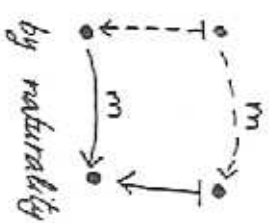
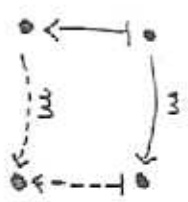
$$X \in \widehat{\mathcal{P}}$$



$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & & \text{el}(X) \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow \text{el}(f) \\ Y & & \text{el}(Y) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & P & \xrightarrow{m} & Q \\ & & X(P) & \xleftarrow{X_m} & X(Q) \\ \downarrow f_P & & \downarrow f_Q & & \downarrow f_Q \\ Y(P) & \xleftarrow{Y_m} & Y(Q) & & \end{array}$$

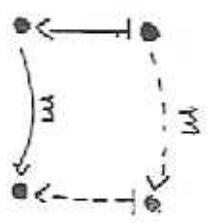
$\text{el}(f)$  satisfies:



by naturality

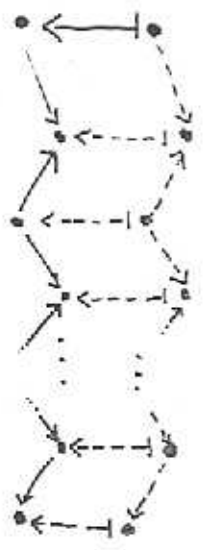
$\text{el}(f)$  a functor

If  $f$  is open,



"fun. bisim"

If  $f$  is open,  $\text{el}(f)$  reflects "zig-zags":



Yoneda embedding:

$$\mathbb{P} \xrightarrow{y} \widehat{\mathbb{P}}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{P} & & \mathbb{P}(-, P) \\ m \downarrow & \longmapsto & y_m \downarrow \\ \mathcal{Q} & & \mathbb{P}(-, \mathcal{Q}) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} (y_m)_R = m \circ - \\ \text{---} \end{array}$$

$y$  is full & faithful.

Yoneda lemma:

$$X(\mathbb{P}) \cong \widehat{\mathbb{P}}(y(\mathbb{P}), X)$$

natural in  $\mathbb{P}, X$ .

natural in  $\mathbb{P}$ :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{P} & & X(\mathbb{P}) \\ \downarrow m & & \uparrow X_m \\ \mathcal{Q} & & X(\mathcal{Q}) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} & & \widehat{\mathbb{P}}(y(\mathbb{P}), X) \\ & & \uparrow - \circ y_m \\ & & \widehat{\mathbb{P}}(y(\mathcal{Q}), X) \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & & X(\mathbb{P}) \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow f_p \\ Y & & Y(\mathbb{P}) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} & & \widehat{\mathbb{P}}(y(\mathbb{P}), X) \\ & & \downarrow f \circ - \\ & & \widehat{\mathbb{P}}(y(\mathbb{P}), Y) \end{array}$$

Open maps in presheaves in 7

$$P \xrightarrow{y} \hat{P}$$

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  is open in  $\hat{P}$

iff whenever

$$\begin{array}{ccc} y^P & \xrightarrow{P} & X \\ y^Q \downarrow & \sim & \downarrow f \\ y^Q & \xrightarrow{q} & Y \end{array}$$

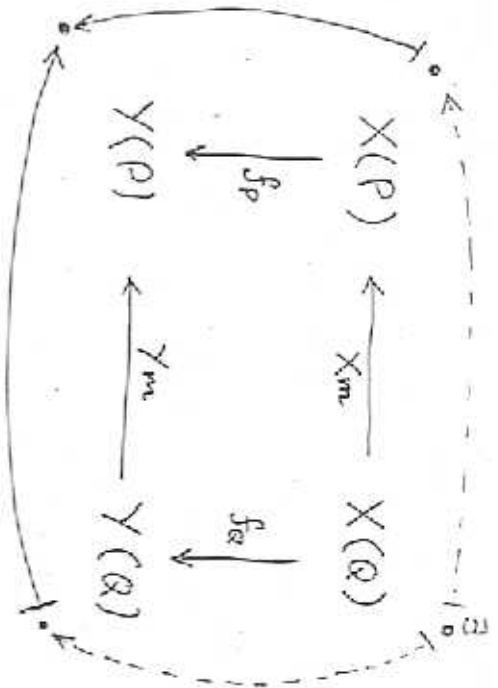
then  $\exists m$  s.t.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} y^P & \xrightarrow{P} & X \\ y^Q \downarrow & \cong \searrow & \downarrow f \\ y^Q & \xrightarrow{q} & Y \end{array}$$

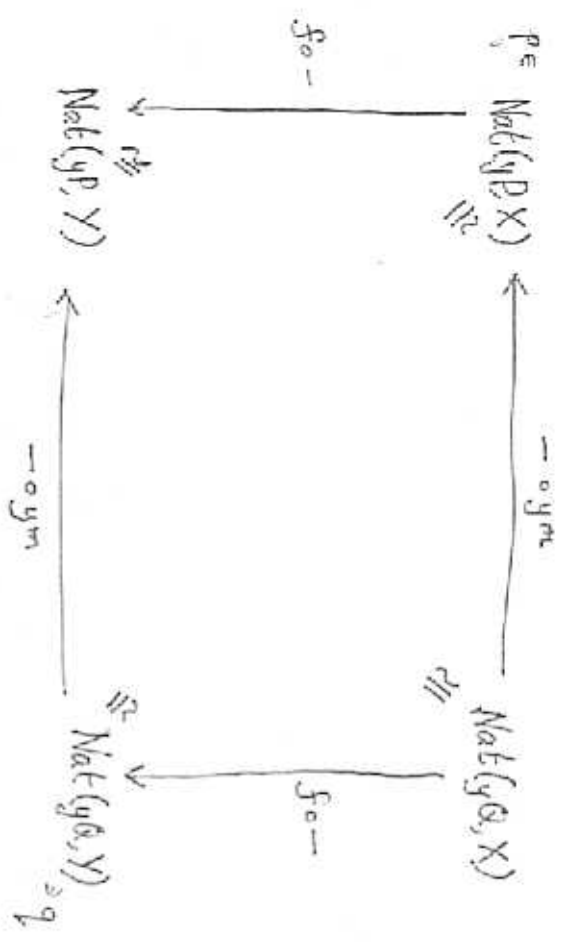
Open maps in presheaves (1)

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  is open in  $\hat{P}$

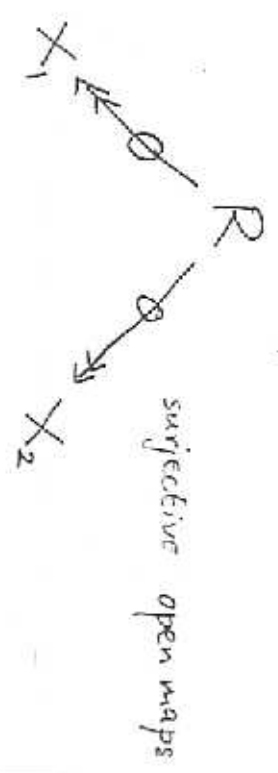
iff  $\forall m: P \rightarrow Q$  in  $\mathcal{P}$ .



is a qpl



### Bisimulation on preheaves



### Alternative definition

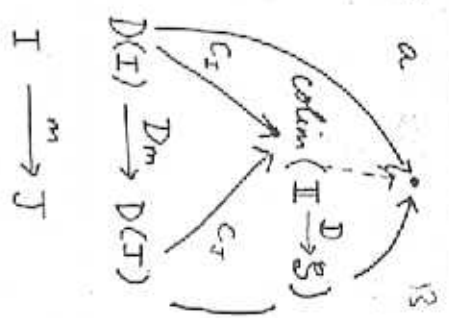
$$\mathbb{P}_1 \xrightarrow{\emptyset} \widehat{\mathbb{P}} \quad \text{strict Yoneda}$$

$$\perp \mapsto \emptyset \text{ empty preheaf}$$

$$P \mapsto y(P) = \mathbb{P}(-, P)$$

A map is  $\mathbb{P}_I$ -open iff it is surjective  $\mathbb{P}$ -open.

A colimit of  $I \xrightarrow{D} \mathcal{S}$  is a colimiting cone



When  $\mathcal{S} = \text{Set}$ ,

$$\text{colim}(I \xrightarrow{D} \text{Set}) = \bigcup_{i \in I} D(i) / \sim$$

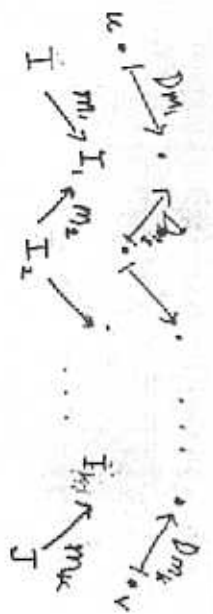
$$c_I(u) = \{I: u\} / \sim$$

where  $\sim$  is least equiv. reln. s.t.

$I: u \sim J: v$  if

$$\exists m: I \rightarrow J. (Dm)(u) = v$$

So  $I: u \sim J: v$  iff

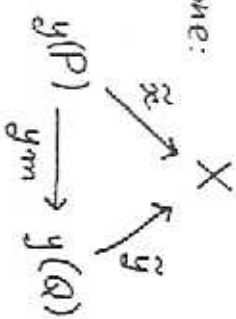


"Density"

A presheaf is a colimit of representables:

$$X \cong \text{colim}(\text{el}(X) \xrightarrow{\Pi_X} \mathcal{P} \xrightarrow{y} \hat{\mathcal{P}})$$

colimiting cone:



$$P: x \xrightarrow{m} Q: y$$

A preservation property for open maps. 15

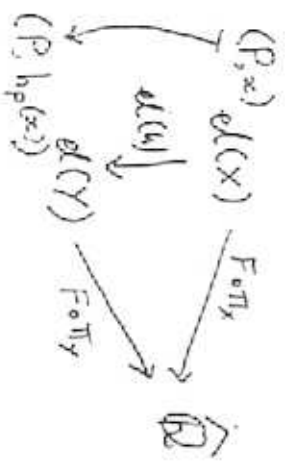
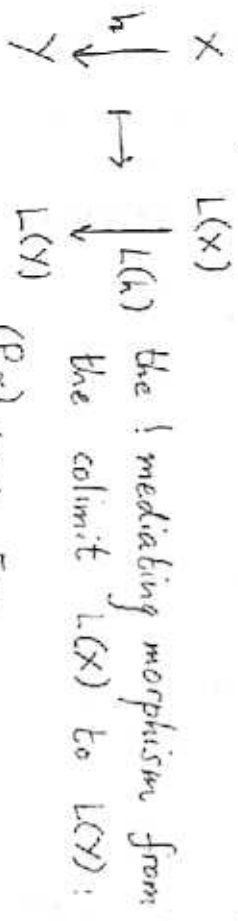
$$P \xrightarrow{y} \hat{P}$$



Defn. of L on objects:

$$L(X) = \text{colim} (\text{al}(X) \xrightarrow{T_X} P \xrightarrow{F} \hat{Q})$$

On morphisms:



Thm.  $h$  is  $P$ -open  $\Rightarrow L(h)$  is  $\hat{Q}$ -open.

Cor. Colim. presg. functors  $\hat{P} \rightarrow \hat{Q}$  preserve open maps.

$$L(Y)(Q) = \bigcup^+ (FP)(Q) / \sim$$

where  $\sim$  is the least equiv. rela. s.t.

$$(P, y) : u \sim (P', y') : v$$

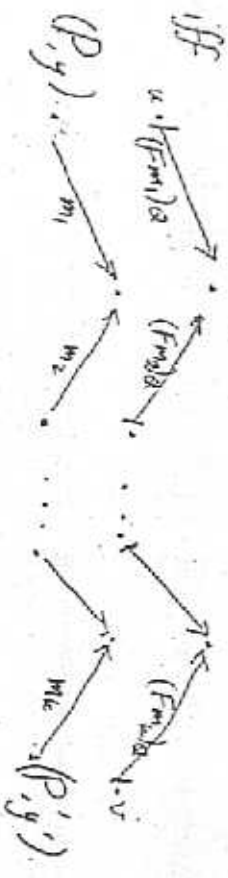
$$\text{if } \exists m (P, y) \xrightarrow{m} (P', y') \text{ in } \text{al}(Y)$$

$$\& (F_m)_Q(u) = v$$

ie.

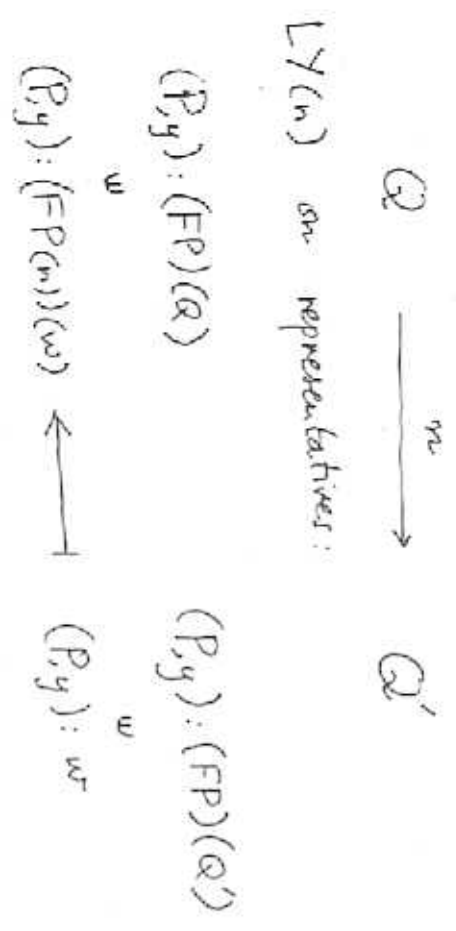
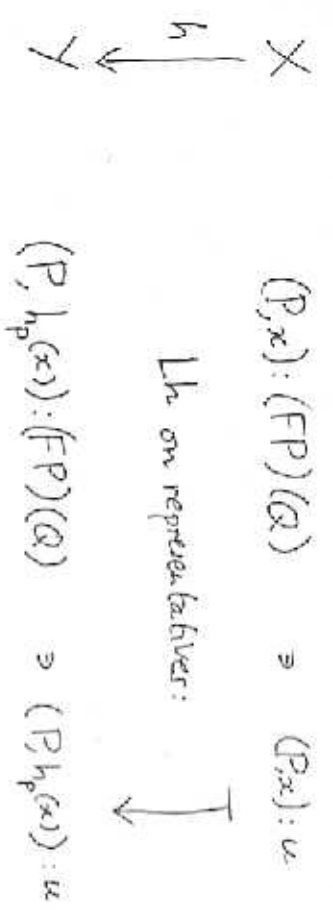
$$(P, y) : u \sim (P', y') : v$$

iff





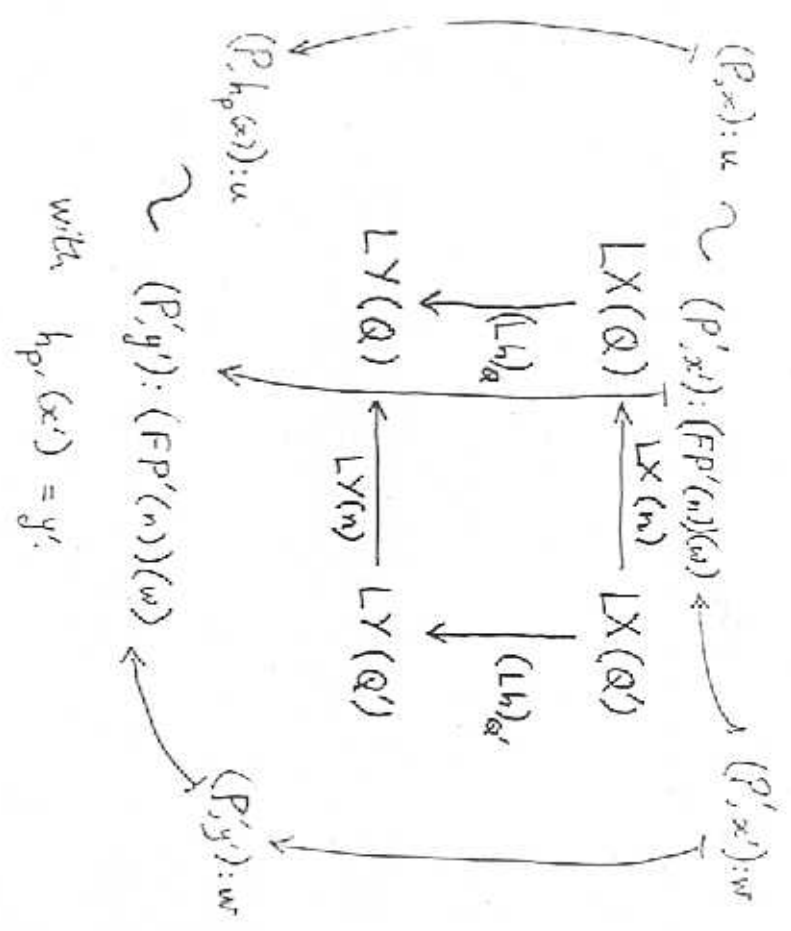
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Assuming  $h: X \rightarrow Y$ , prove Lh:  $LX \rightarrow LY$ .  
 To prove: the quasi p.b. property

$Q \xrightarrow{m} Q'$

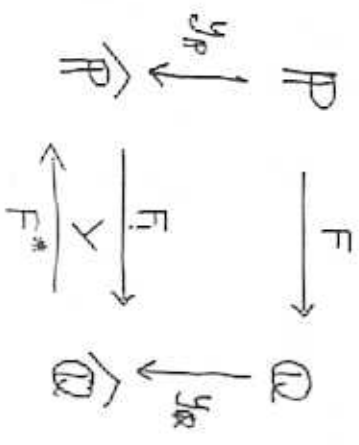


Example

$\widehat{L}^+ =$  synchronisation trees over  $L$ .

$Pom_L^+ =$  nonempty finite pomsets over  $L$ .

Event structures over  $L$  embed full-and-faithfully in  $\widehat{Pom}_L^+$ .



$F_i$  and  $F^*$  are colimit preserving so preserve open maps.

When eg.  $F : L^+ \hookrightarrow Pom_L^+$ .

Showing preservation of colimits

Suppose  $F : A_0 \rightarrow B$  sends initial objects to initial objects. Then,  $F$  preserves  $\Pi$ -colimits iff there is

$$F(\text{colim } D) \cong \text{colim}(F \circ D)$$

natural in  $D \in [\mathbb{I}, A_0]$ .

Refs.

- Notes on Category Theory
- A Calculus for Categories + M. Gecano.

Categories of non-det. processes  $2.1 \rightarrow \text{Set}$

$\mathbb{P}$  po. (or category) of comp paths

Eg.  $L^+$

A non-det. process of type  $\mathbb{P}$  is a functor  $X: \mathbb{P}^{op} \rightarrow \text{Set}$

generalised char fu.

Non-det. processes of type  $\mathbb{P}$  form a category

$\hat{\mathbb{P}} = [\mathbb{P}^{op}, \text{Set}]$  "presheaves over  $\mathbb{P}$ "

Eg. When  $\mathbb{P} = L^+$ ,  $\hat{\mathbb{P}}$  iso. cat. of synchronisation trees.

• When  $\mathbb{P} = \text{cat. of finite posets}$ ,  $\hat{\mathbb{P}}$  embeds event structures fully & faithfully.

Each type  $\mathbb{P}$  associated with  $\mathbb{P}$ -bisimulation from open maps.

$\text{Lin}$

maps  $\mathbb{P} \xrightarrow{\text{Lin}} \mathbb{Q}$  are

colimit preserving functors  $\hat{\mathbb{P}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbb{Q}}$

corr. to functors  $\mathbb{P} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbb{Q}}$

corr. to profunctors  $\mathbb{P} \times \mathbb{Q}^{op} \rightarrow \text{Set}$

Maps of  $\text{Lin}$  preserve open maps & bisim.

[G.L. Cattani + gw]

But are too restrictive...

Cts

maps  $\mathcal{P} \xrightarrow{\text{cts}} \mathcal{Q}$  are filtered-colimit preserving functors  $\hat{\mathcal{P}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{Q}}$

com. to maps  $! \mathcal{P} \xrightarrow{L_n} \mathcal{Q}$

where  $! \mathcal{P}$  is finite colimit completion of  $\mathcal{P}$ .

- Cts supports a den. sem. of HOPRA its trans. semantics based on decomposition of presheaves over  $! \mathcal{P}$ . Adequacy: For  $t: ! \mathcal{D}$

$\llbracket t \rrbracket(\perp) \cong$  set of derivations of  $t \dashrightarrow$ .

Proof based on logical "relations" in which sets of realizers replace truth values.

- Now are several alternative exponentials Some of which give (surjective) open map preservation. [M. Nygaard + gw LICS02]

Aff

maps  $\mathcal{P} \xrightarrow{\text{Aff}} \mathcal{Q}$  are connected-colimit preserving functors  $\hat{\mathcal{P}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{Q}}$

com. to linear maps  $\mathcal{P}_I \xrightarrow{\text{lin}} \mathcal{Q}$

(as  $\mathcal{P}_I, j: \mathcal{P}_I \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{P}}$  is com.-colimit completion of  $\mathcal{P}_I$ )  
strictly unad.

- Maps of Aff preserve sup. open maps & bisimulation.
- Aff supports semantics of "affine HOPRA" with automatic congruence of bisimulation; supports an operational semantics based on decomposition of presheaves over  $\mathcal{P}_I$  at 1<sup>st</sup> order. [M. Nygaard + gw LICS02]
- An event-structure semantics of "affine HOPRA" gives representation of presheaf semantics at first order & exposes  $\mathcal{Q}$  as a parallel composition.
- Aff supports semantics of n.d. dataflow. [Pnagayden + Hildebrandt + gw concure 97, Nygaard + gw LICS 01]
- Aff supports 'true concurrency' event structure semantics of CCS & related languages [Cattani + gw CSL 97].

## Name generation

II finite sets of names with injections

$Cts_2^I$  trace model of  $\Pi$ -Calculus [Hennessy 96]

$Agg_{off}^{II}$  model of  $\Pi$ -Calculus + bisimulation [Cattani + Stark + gus 97]

• Denotational semantics suggest a 'metalanguage' based on

• new name abstractions (of type  $\delta P$ )

• "dynamic" prefixed sums (eg.  $N: P$  so  $N: P(s) = s \times P(s)_1$ )

• recursion & n.d. sums

•  $\lambda$ -calculus (But do  $Cts_2^I$ ,  $Cts_{set}^I$  have fun. spaces  $P \rightarrow C$ ?)

[an op. sem. + F Zappa Nardelli's]

## Hot spots

• Operational understanding of

lin with  $(\lambda, !$  and variations

for which need syntax (= language + opl. sem.)

Three lines of attack:

• From process languages [M. Nygaard + gw]

• From (linear) logic [P. Baillot + gw]

• Representations (eg. as event structures) [M. Nygaard + gw]

• Name generation & higher-order processes.

Existence of function spaces? [F. Zappa Nardelli + gw]