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Galois theories of internal groupoids via congruence relations for Maltsev varieties

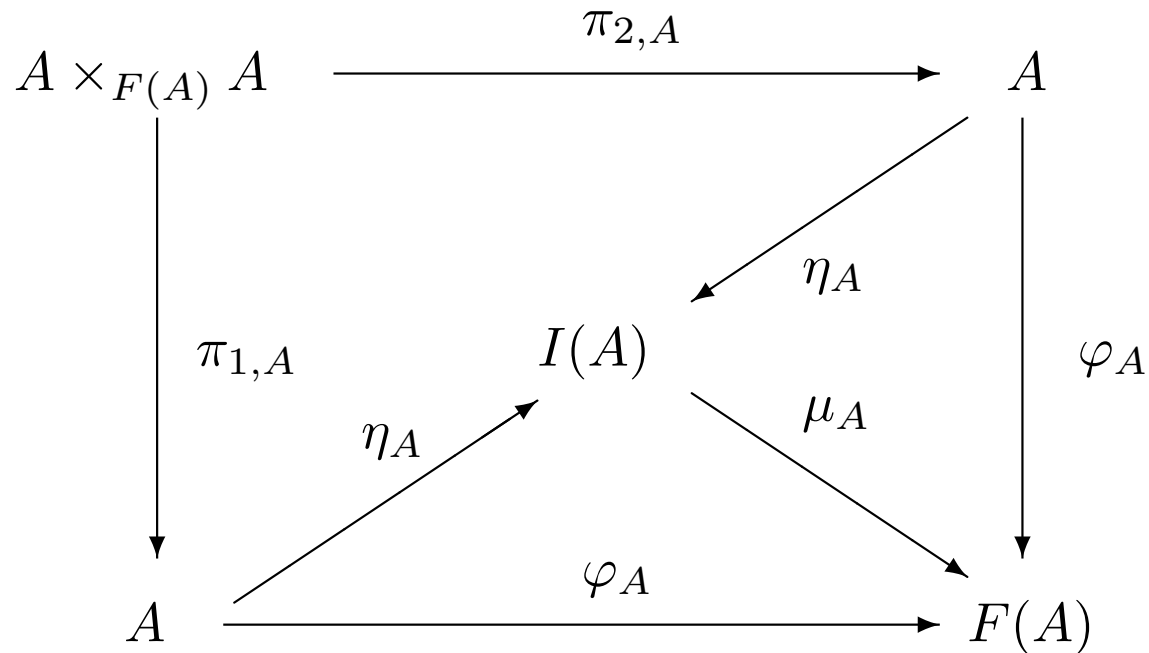
João J. Xarez

jxarez@mat.ua.pt

University of Aveiro

1 Coequalizer of the kernel pair

\mathbb{C} finitely-complete; (F, φ) pointed endofunctor on \mathbb{C} , s.t. the kernel pair of $\varphi_A : A \rightarrow F(A)$ has a coequalizer for every object A in \mathbb{C} .



2 Idempotency of (I, η)

$Fix(I, \eta)$, $Mono(F, \varphi)$ full subcategories of \mathbb{C} .

Lemma 2.1

(I, η) well-pointed endofunctor (i.e., $I\eta = \eta I$);
 $Fix(I, \eta) = Mono(F, \varphi)$.

Proposition 2.2

$\mu, F\eta$ monics $\Rightarrow (I, \eta)$ idempotent

Remark 2.3

(I, η) idempotent $\Leftrightarrow I\eta = \eta I$ and ηI iso $\Leftrightarrow Fix(I, \eta)$ reflective in \mathbb{C}

3 Stabilization and m.-l. factorization

Proposition 3.1

All η_A pullback stable regular epis and μ monic and $F\eta$ iso

and F preserves

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 C \times_{I(A)} A & \longrightarrow & A \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \eta_A \\
 C & \xrightarrow{g} & I(A)
 \end{array}$$

$\Rightarrow (I, \eta)$ idempotent with stable units;

and $\forall B \in \mathbb{C} \exists p: E \rightarrow B$ e.d.m. $E \in \text{Mono}(F, \varphi)$

$\Rightarrow (\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{M}^*)$ factorization system (monotone-light).

4 First example: internal categories

(F, φ) idempotent associated to the localization

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \mathbf{Cat}(\mathbb{S}) \rightarrow \mathbf{LEqRel}(\mathbb{S}) \simeq \mathbb{S} \\
 C \mapsto \nabla_{C_0} \\
 \\
 \begin{array}{ccccc}
 C = & C_1 \times_{C_0} C_1 & \xrightarrow{\gamma} & C_1 & \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{d_0} \\ \xleftarrow{i} \\ \xrightarrow{d_1} \end{array} & C_0 \\
 \\
 \varphi_C = & \downarrow d_C \times d_C & & \downarrow d_C & & \downarrow 1_{C_0} \\
 \\
 \nabla_{C_0} = & C_0 \times C_0 \times C_0 & \longrightarrow & C_0 \times C_0 & \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \end{array} & C_0
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

Lemma 4.1 \mathbb{S} regular \Rightarrow for every $C \in \mathbf{Cat}(\mathbb{S})$ the kernel pair of $\varphi_C = (d_C, 1_{C_0})$ has a coequalizer in $\mathbf{Cat}(\mathbb{S})$.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \end{array} & & \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \end{array} \\
 p_C \times p_C & q_C \times q_C & & p_C & q_C \\
 & & & & 1_{C_0} \\
 & & & & \xrightarrow{d_0} \\
 & & & & \xleftarrow{i} \\
 & & & & \xrightarrow{d_1} \\
 & & & & \downarrow \\
 & & & & 1_{C_0} \\
 & & & & \xrightarrow{d_0^I} \\
 & & & & \xleftarrow{e_C i} \\
 & & & & \xrightarrow{d_1^I} \\
 & & & & \\
 C_1 \times_{C_0} C_1 & \xrightarrow{\gamma} & C_1 & & C_0 \\
 \downarrow e_C \times e_C & & \downarrow e_C & & \downarrow \\
 I(C_1) \times_{C_0} I(C_1) & \xrightarrow{\gamma^I} & I(C_1) & & C_0
 \end{array}$$

Conclusion 4.2 \mathbb{S} regular:

$\mathbf{Cat}(\mathbb{S}) \rightarrow \mathbf{Preord}(\mathbb{S})$ reflection with stable units;

$\mathbf{Grpd}(\mathbb{S}) \rightarrow \mathbf{EqRel}(\mathbb{S})$ reflection with stable units and monotone-light factorization,

$(\sigma, d_1) : Eq(d_0) \rightarrow G$, with $\sigma = \gamma(1_{G_1} \times s)$,

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 G_1 \times_{G_0} G_1 \times_{G_0} G_1 & \xrightarrow{p_1 \times p_2} & G_1 \times_{G_0} G_1 & \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{p_2} \\ \xleftarrow{\langle 1, 1 \rangle} \\ \xrightarrow{p_1} \end{array} & G_1 \\
 \downarrow \sigma \times \sigma & & \downarrow \sigma & & \downarrow d_1 \\
 G_1 \times_{G_0} G_1 & \xrightarrow{\gamma} & G_1 & \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{d_0} \\ \xleftarrow{i} \\ \xrightarrow{d_1} \end{array} & G_0 \quad . \\
 & & \circlearrowleft s & &
 \end{array}$$

$\sigma \langle 1_{G_1}, id_0 \rangle = 1_{G_1}$ and $d_1 i = 1_{G_0}$.

e.g. $\mathbb{S} = \mathbf{Set}$: $\mathbf{Cat} \rightarrow \mathbf{Preord}$,

$(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{M}^*) = (\mathbf{Full\ and\ Bijective\ on\ Objects}, \mathbf{Faithful})$.

\mathbb{S} Maltsev category: $\mathbf{EqRel}(\mathbb{S}) = \mathbf{RRel}(\mathbb{S}) (\Rightarrow \mathbf{Cat}(\mathbb{S}) = \mathbf{Grpd}(\mathbb{S}))$.

\mathbb{S} regular Maltsev category: $\mathbf{Grpd}(\mathbb{S}) \rightarrow \mathbf{EqRel}(\mathbb{S}) = \mathbf{RRel}(\mathbb{S})$
reflection with stable units and monotone-light-factorization.

A variety of universal algebras is Maltsev iff its theory has a
Maltsev operator $p : X \times X \times X \rightarrow X$, $p(x, y, y) = x = p(y, y, x)$.

e.g. \mathbf{Grp} :

$$p(x, y, z) = xy^{-1}z;$$

$$\mathbf{Cat}(\mathbf{Grp}) = \mathbf{Grpd}(\mathbf{Grp}) \simeq \mathbf{CrossMod}.$$

5 Geometric morphisms

Corollary 5.1

\mathbb{C} admits a (regular epi, mono)-factorization and (F, φ) idempotent
 $\Rightarrow (I, \eta)$ idempotent.

Corollary 5.2

\mathbb{C} regular and (F, φ) idempotent $\Rightarrow (I, \eta)$ idempotent;

and F left exact \Rightarrow stable units;

and $\forall B \in \mathbb{C} \exists_{p: E \rightarrow B} \text{ e.d.m. } E \in \text{Mono}(F, \varphi) \Rightarrow \text{m.-l. factorization.}$

Proposition 5.3 *Let $F : \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$ be a geometric morphism between regular categories, $F^* \dashv F_* : \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$, which is an embedding.*

Then, the reflection $I : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \text{Mono}(F^)$, obtained from the localization $F^* : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ through the coequalizer of the kernel pair process, does have stable units. Moreover, there is a monotone-light factorization associated to the reflection $I : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \text{Mono}(F^*)$ provided the following four conditions also hold:*

1. *the category \mathcal{F} is cocomplete;*
2. *the full subcategory $\text{Mono}(F^*)$ is dense in \mathcal{F} , i.e., every object of \mathcal{F} is a colimit of objects of $\text{Mono}(F^*)$.*
3. *in \mathcal{F} the coproduct of monomorphisms is a monomorphism;*
4. *regular epis are effective descent morphisms in \mathcal{F} .*

6 Second example: simplicial sets

$K : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$ fully faithful, \mathcal{S} regular and complete

$$\mathcal{S}^K : \mathcal{S}^{\mathcal{A}} \rightarrow \mathcal{S}^{\mathcal{B}}$$

$\Delta_n^{op} \subset \Delta^{op}, n \geq 0, \mathcal{S} = \mathbf{Set}$

$$\mathbf{Smp} \rightarrow \mathbf{Smp}_n$$

$$\mathbf{Smp} \rightarrow \mathbf{Mono}(F_n)$$

$$(F_n, \varphi^n) \mapsto (I_n, \eta^n)$$

Lemma 6.1 *Every unit morphism of any representable functor*

$$\varphi_{\Delta(-, [p])}^n : \Delta(-, [p]) \rightarrow F_n(\Delta(-, [p])), \quad p \geq 0,$$

is a monomorphism in $\mathbf{Smp} = \mathbf{Set}^{\Delta^{op}}$.