

1. Each statement below is True or False.

- The set of solutions of the system consisting of the single equation

$$2x - 3y = 0$$

in the three variables  $x, y$  and  $z$  is a subspace of  $\mathbf{R}^3$ .

- Every system of 2 equations in 2 unknowns has a unique solution.
- There is a linear system in 2 variables which is inconsistent.

Choose the correct sequence from the possibilities below.

- A. True, True, False.
- B. False, False, True.
- C. True, False, False.
- D. False, True, True.
- E. True, False, True.
- F. False, True, False.

Please record your answer on the title page.

2. If the vector  $v = (2, -1, 0)$  is written as  $v = c_1v_1 + c_2v_2 + c_3v_3$ , where  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$  is the orthonormal basis with

$$v_1 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(1, 0, 1), \quad v_2 = (0, 1, 0), \quad \text{and} \quad v_3 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(1, 0, -1),$$

then  $(c_1, c_2, c_3)$  is

- A.  $(\sqrt{2}, 1, \sqrt{2})$
- B.  $(1, -\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2})$
- C.  $(-\sqrt{2}, 1, \sqrt{2})$
- D.  $(1, -\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$
- E.  $(-1, \sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$
- F.  $(\sqrt{2}, -1, \sqrt{2})$

Please record your answer on the title page.

3. Let  $v_0 = (1, 0, 1)$  and define

$$U = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbf{R}^3 \mid x + z = 0\}.$$

- i) Show that  $v = (x, y, z)$  belongs to  $U$  if and only if  $v$  is orthogonal to  $v_0$ .
- ii) Show that  $u_1 = (1, 0, 0) - \text{proj}_{v_0}(1, 0, 0)$  and  $u_2 = (0, 1, 0) - \text{proj}_{v_0}(0, 1, 0)$  are orthogonal and belong to  $U$ .
- iii) Give a geometric description of  $U$  and show that  $\{u_1, u_2\}$  is a basis of  $U$ .
- iv) If  $W = \text{span}\{u_1, u_2, v_0\}$ , what is  $\dim W$ ? Is  $W = \mathbf{R}^3$ ?



4.

Consider the vector space  $\mathbf{F}[1, 2] = \{f \mid f \text{ is a real-valued function defined on } [1, 2]\}$  and recall that the zero of  $\mathbf{F}[1, 2]$  is the function that has the value 0 for all  $x \in [1, 2]$ .

Suppose  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$  and let  $W = \text{span}\{f, g\}$ .

- i) Show that  $\{f, g\}$  is linearly independent. What is  $\dim W$ ?
- ii) If  $h(x) = \frac{2x-3}{x^2}$ , show that  $h \in W$ .
- iii) What is the dimension of  $\text{span}\{f, g, h\}$ ?



5. Suppose  $\mathcal{B} = \{u, v, w\}$  is a basis of a vector space  $V$ .
- i) State the two properties of  $\mathcal{B}$  that make it a basis of  $V$ . What is  $\dim V$ ?
  - ii) Show that  $\mathcal{C} = \{u + 2v, u + 3w, v + w\}$  is linearly independent.
  - iii) Is  $\mathcal{C}$  a basis of  $V$ ? You must justify your answer, as usual.

