

THE MOST GENERAL
DISTRIBUTIVE LAW
IN THE WORLD

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DISTRIBUTIVE LAW FOR RINGS

$$a(b+c) = ab+ac, (b+c)a = ba+ca$$

$$(a_1+a_2+\dots+a_k)(b_1+b_2+\dots+b_l)(c_1+c_2+\dots+c_m)$$

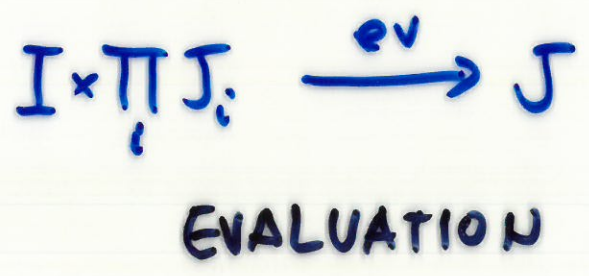
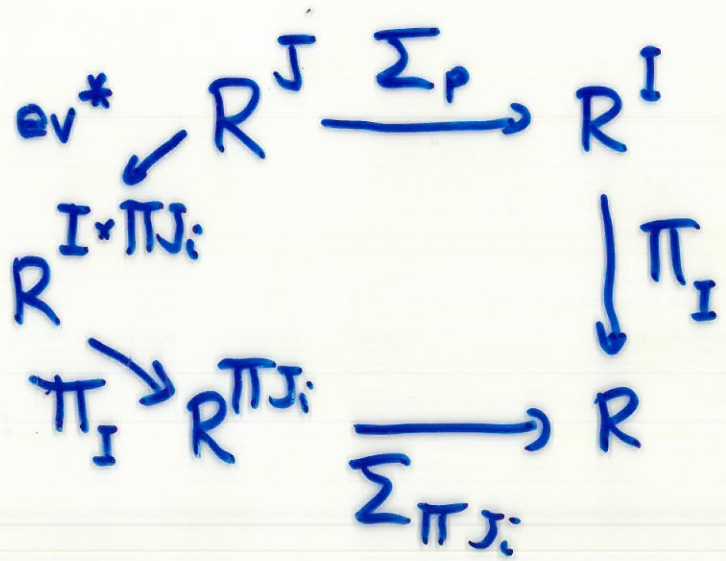
$$= a_1b_1c_1 + a_1b_1c_2 + \dots \quad (\text{ALL CHOICES})$$

$$= \sum_{r,s,t} a_r b_s c_t$$

I FINITE SET, $\forall i \in I$ FINITE SET J_i
 $\sum J_i = J \xrightarrow{p} I$, $\langle a_j \rangle_{j \in J}$ ELTS OF R

$$\prod_{i \in I} \sum_{j \in J_i} a_j = \sum_{I \xrightarrow{q} J} \prod_{i \in I} a_{\sigma(i)}$$

$\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ \downarrow p \\ I \end{array}$



SUBJECT LATTICE IN A TOPOS

$p: J \rightarrow I$ MORPHISM IN TOPOS \underline{E}

$\langle A_j \rangle$ FAMILY OF SUBJECTS OF A IN \underline{E}

FOR $a \in A$

$$a \in \bigcap_{i \in I} \bigcup_{p(j)=i} A_j \Leftrightarrow \forall i (a \in \bigcup_{p(j)=i} A_j)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall i \exists j (p(j)=i \ \& \ a \in A_j)$$

↑
NOT UNIQUE & NO CAN CHOICE
DON'T GET A FUNCTION $I \rightarrow J$

GET A LOCAL SECTION

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & J \\ & \nearrow \sigma & \downarrow p \\ K & \longrightarrow & I \end{array}$$

$$\bigcap_{i \in I} \bigcup_{p(j)=i} A_j = \bigcup_{\substack{\sigma \rightarrow J \\ K \rightarrow I \\ K \subseteq I \times J}} \bigcap_{k \in K} A_{\sigma(k)}$$

LINEAR ALGEBRA ||

COCOMPLETE CATEGORIES

VECT SP + .

\mathbb{R}

\mathbb{R}^n

LINEAR TRANSF.

⊗

DUAL

HOM

FIELD

MATRIX

TRACE

DISTRIBUTIONS

SYMMETRIC ALG

FINITE SET

COCOMP. CAT $\xrightarrow{\text{LIM}}$ I.A

SET

SET^{C^{OP}}

COCONTINUOUS FUNCTOR

⊗ CLASSIFIES BI-CTS

$$\underline{A}^* = \underline{\text{CTS}}(\underline{A}, \underline{\text{SET}})$$

$$\underline{\text{CTS}}(\underline{A}, \underline{B})$$

TOPOS

PROFUNCTOR $P: \mathbb{C}^{OP} \times \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \underline{\text{SET}}$

$$\int^{\mathbb{C}} P(\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C})$$

$$\underline{A} \rightarrow \underline{\text{SET}} \text{ CTS}$$

$\Sigma \underline{A}$ CLASSIFIES DIST.

SMALL CAT

$$(\underline{\text{SET}}^{C^{OP}})^* \cong \underline{\text{SET}}^{\mathbb{C}} \text{ (= REFLEXIVE)}$$

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FIELD $\overset{?}{\longleftrightarrow}$ TOPOS

ALGEBRA
COMM. MONOID IN VECT

$$\frac{\underline{A} \otimes \underline{A} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \underline{A}}{\underline{A} \times \underline{A} \xrightarrow{M} \underline{A}}$$

COCTS IN EACH VAR

\approx MONOIDAL CLOSED CAT

Q: HOW DO WE GET M RT. ADJOINT TO Δ ?

EVEN WITH THAT, ONLY GET CART. CLOSED.

Q: WHAT ABOUT OTHER EXACTNESS PROPERTIES? E.G. COPRODUCTS UNIV.

Q: WHAT ARE EXACTNESS PROPERTIES OF PB?

$V^{\otimes m}$ CLASSIFIES MULI LIN MAPS

$$\frac{V^{\otimes m} \rightarrow W}{f: V^m \rightarrow W}$$

$$f(\langle \sum_{p(j)=i} a_j \rangle_i) = \sum_{\substack{I \rightarrow J \\ \downarrow p \\ I}} f(\langle a_{\sigma(i)} \rangle)$$

$$\frac{A^{\otimes C} \rightarrow B}{A^C \rightarrow B}$$

s.t. ?

THE \mathbb{C} ARE LIKE FIN SETS

EXAMPLES

$$1. \lim_i B_i \times_A \lim_j C_j \cong \lim_{i,j} (B_i \times_A C_j)$$

$$2. \prod_{i \in I} \sum_{p(j)=i} A_j \cong \sum_{\substack{I \rightarrow J \\ \downarrow p \\ I^p}} \prod_{i \in I} A_{\sigma(i)}$$

$$3. \lim_i \lim_j A_{ij} \cong \lim_j \lim_i A_{ij}$$

(FINITE) (FILTERED)

↳ THESE HOLD IN ANY TOPOS

$$4. \Delta_i : J_i \rightarrow \underline{\text{SET}}, \quad i \in I \quad (\text{INFINITE})$$

$$\prod_{i \in I} \lim_j \Delta_i \neq \lim_{\langle J_i \rangle \in \prod_i J_i} \prod_{i \in I} \Delta_i J_i$$

⊂

$$\langle [x_i \in \Delta_i J_i]_{i \in I} \rangle \longleftarrow [\langle x_i \in \Delta_i J_i \rangle_{i \in I}]$$

ONTO
NOT 1-1

THE SET-UP

\mathbb{I} SMALL CAT $\quad \mathbb{I} \rightarrow \text{CAT (PSEUDO) FUNCT}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} I & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{J}_I \\ i \downarrow & & \downarrow i_* \\ I' & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{J}_{I'} \end{array}$$

GIVES A COFIBRATION

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{J} & & (I, J \in \mathbb{J}_I) \xrightarrow{(i, j)} (I', J' \in \mathbb{J}_{I'}) \\ \downarrow \rho & & I \xrightarrow{i} I' \\ \mathbb{I} & & i_* J \xrightarrow{j} J' \end{array}$$

TAKE A DIAGRAM $\Phi: \mathbb{J} \rightarrow \text{SET}$

EQUIVALENTLY

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{J}_I & \xrightarrow{\Phi_I} & \text{SET} \\ i_* \downarrow & \varphi_* \searrow & \\ \mathbb{J}_{I'} & \xrightarrow{\Phi_{I'}} & \end{array}$$

WHICH INDUCES

$$\begin{array}{c} \varinjlim \Phi_I \\ \downarrow \\ \varinjlim \Phi_{I'} \end{array}$$

WANT TO WRITE

$$\varprojlim_I \varinjlim_{\mathbb{J}_I} \Phi_I \cong \varprojlim_I \varinjlim_{\mathbb{J}_{I'}} \Phi_{I'} ?$$

DEF: A FUNCTOR $Q: \tilde{I} \rightarrow I$ IS CALLED
 A **CONNECTED COVER** IF

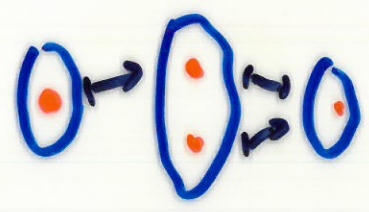
- (1) EACH FIBRE $Q^{-1}(I)$ IS CONNECTED AND NONEMPTY
- (2) ONTO ON ARROWS

PROP: $Q: \tilde{I} \rightarrow I$ IS A CONNECTED COVER IFF FOR EVERY $F: C \rightarrow I$ WITH C CONNECTED, THE PULLBACK $F^* \tilde{I}$ IS CONNECTED.

COR: CONNECTED COVERS ARE:

- (1) CLOSED UNDER COMPOSITION,
- (2) STABLE UNDER PULLBACK.

EX: NO CANCELLATION PROPERTIES



DEF: GIVEN A COFIBRATION $P: J \rightarrow I$, a

LOCAL SECTION OF P IS A CONNECTED

COVER $Q: \tilde{I} \rightarrow I$ AN FUNCTOR $\Gamma: \tilde{J} \rightarrow J$

SUCH THAT

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \Gamma & J \\ & \nearrow & \downarrow P \\ \tilde{I} & \xrightarrow{Q} & I \end{array}$$

A MORPHISM OF LOCAL SECTIONS IS

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{I} & & \\ F \downarrow & \nearrow \Gamma & \\ \tilde{I}' & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & J \\ \uparrow \Gamma' & \searrow \Gamma & \\ \tilde{I} & & \end{array}$$

SUCH THAT

$$(1) \quad Q'F = Q$$

$$(2) \quad P\varphi = id_Q$$

THM: LET $P: J \rightarrow I$ BE A COFIBRATION

AND $\Phi: J \rightarrow \tilde{I}$ SET A DIAGRAM. THEN

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{LIM}_{\tilde{I}} & \text{LIM}_{\tilde{I}} \Phi & \cong & \text{LIM}_{\tilde{I}} \Phi \Gamma \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \tilde{I} & \tilde{I} & & \tilde{I} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \Gamma & J \\ & \nearrow & \downarrow P \\ \tilde{I} & \xrightarrow{Q} & I \end{array}$$

$$\# \tilde{I} = \# I$$

"PROOF"

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \varinjlim_{\Gamma} \varinjlim_{\tilde{I}} \Phi \Gamma & \xrightarrow{\theta} & \varinjlim_{\tilde{I}} \varinjlim_{\Gamma} \Phi \\ \begin{array}{c} \tilde{I} \nearrow \\ \Gamma \\ \downarrow \\ \tilde{I} \end{array} & & \begin{array}{c} \tilde{I} \nearrow \\ \Gamma \\ \downarrow \\ \tilde{I} \end{array} \end{array}$$

AN ELEMENT ON LHS IS AN EQUIVALENCE CLASS OF PAIRS

$$\begin{array}{c} \Gamma \\ \nearrow \\ \tilde{I} \\ \downarrow \\ \tilde{I} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \Gamma \\ \downarrow \\ \tilde{I} \end{array} , \langle x_{\tilde{I}} \in \Phi \Gamma \tilde{I} \rangle$$

1. $\forall I \in \tilde{I}$ PICK \tilde{I} S.T. $Q \tilde{I} = I$

THEN $\Gamma \tilde{I} \in \mathcal{J}_I$ SO TAKE $[x_{\tilde{I}} \in \Phi \Gamma \tilde{I}] \in \varinjlim_{\mathcal{J}_I} \Phi_I$

2. IF $Q \tilde{I}' = I$ TOO, THEN \exists PATH $\tilde{I} \leftarrow \tilde{I}_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \tilde{I}_n \rightarrow \tilde{I}' \in \mathcal{J}_I$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \Phi \Gamma \tilde{I} & \leftarrow & \Phi \Gamma \tilde{I}_1 & \rightarrow & \dots & \rightarrow & \Phi \Gamma \tilde{I}_n & \rightarrow & \Phi \Gamma \tilde{I}' \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ x_{\tilde{I}} & \leftarrow & x_{\tilde{I}_1} & \rightarrow & \dots & \rightarrow & x_{\tilde{I}_n} & \rightarrow & x_{\tilde{I}'} \end{array}$$

SO $[x_{\tilde{I}}] = [x_{\tilde{I}'}]$ IN $\varinjlim_{\mathcal{J}_I} \Phi_I$

TAKE THIS TO BE $[y_I]$

IT IS EASY TO CHECK THAT

3. $[y_I]$ IS INDEPENDENT OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OF CLASS ON LEFT

4. THE FAMILY $\langle [y_I] \rangle$ IS COMPATIBLE IN I & THUS $\in \varinjlim_I \varinjlim_{J_I} \Phi_I$

THIS GIVES $\Theta [Q, \Gamma, \langle x_I \rangle] = \langle [y_I] \rangle$

$$\Theta: \varinjlim_{\mathbb{H}} \varinjlim_{\mathbb{I}} \Phi \Gamma \longrightarrow \varinjlim_I \varinjlim_{J_I} \Phi_I$$

Θ IS ONTO

LET $\langle [y_I \in \Phi J_I] \rangle_{I \in \mathbb{I}} \in \varprojlim_{\mathbb{I}} \varprojlim_{J_I} \Phi_{\mathbb{I}}$

PICK A REPRESENTATIVE $y_I \in \Phi J_I$ FOR EA. CL.

FOR EVERY $\lambda: \mathbb{I} \rightarrow \mathbb{I}'$, $\tilde{\lambda}: J_I \rightarrow \lambda_* J_I$

$$\Phi(\tilde{\lambda})(y_I) \in \Phi \lambda_* J_I \sim y_{I'} \in \Phi J_{I'}$$

PICK A PATH

$$\lambda_* J_I \rightarrow J_{i,1} \leftarrow J_{i,2} \rightarrow \dots \leftarrow J_{i,n_i} \leftarrow J_{I'}$$

$$\Phi(\tilde{\lambda})(y_I) \mapsto y_{i,1} \leftarrow y_{i,2} \rightarrow \dots \leftarrow y_{i,n_i} \leftarrow y_{I'} \quad \text{ELTS OF } \Phi$$

CONSTRUCT $Q: \tilde{\mathbb{I}} \rightarrow \mathbb{I}$

OBJECTS

$$\text{ONE } \tilde{\mathbb{I}} \quad \forall I \in \mathbb{I}$$

$$\text{ONE } (\tilde{\lambda}, \tilde{\alpha}) \quad \forall J_{i,n}$$

ARROWS

$$\tilde{\mathbb{I}} \rightarrow (\tilde{\lambda}, \tilde{\alpha}), \quad \tilde{\mathbb{I}}' \rightarrow (\tilde{\lambda}', \tilde{\alpha}')$$

$$(\tilde{\lambda}, \tilde{\alpha}) \rightarrow (\tilde{\lambda}, \tilde{\alpha} \pm 1) \text{ AS } \rightarrow$$

NO COMPOSITS

$$Q(\tilde{\mathbb{I}}) = \mathbb{I}$$

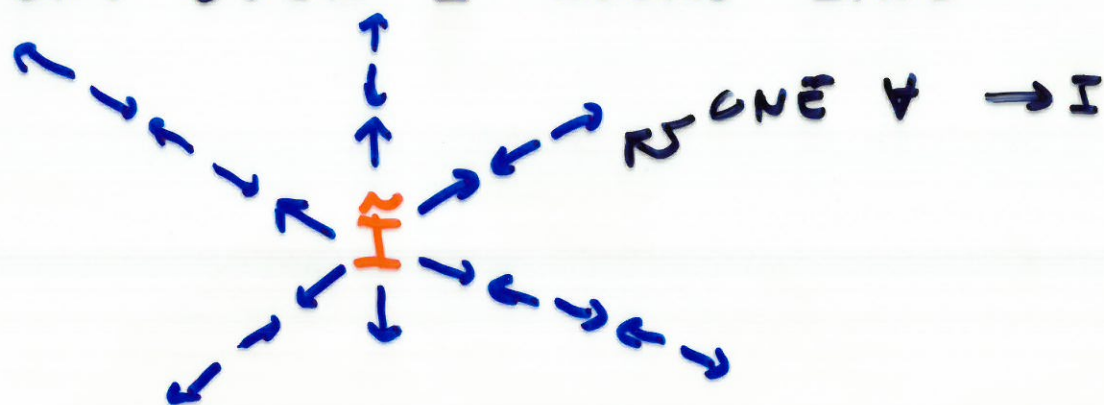
$$Q(\tilde{\lambda}, \tilde{\alpha}) = \mathbb{I}'$$

$$Q(\tilde{\mathbb{I}} \rightarrow (\tilde{\lambda}, \tilde{\alpha})) = \lambda$$

$$Q(\text{OTHERS}) = \text{IDENTITIES}$$

$Q: \tilde{I} \rightarrow I$ IS A CONNECTED COVER AND
 $\#\tilde{I} = \#I$

THE FIBRE OVER I LOOKS LIKE



DEFINE $\Gamma: \tilde{I} \rightarrow J$ BY

$$\Gamma(\tilde{I}) = J_I \quad \Gamma(i, \tilde{a}) = J_{i, \tilde{a}}$$

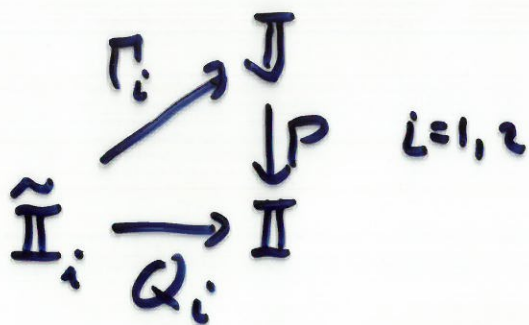
$\Gamma(\text{ARROWS}) = \text{THOSE IN CHOSEN PATHS}$

THE ELEMENTS $y_I \in \Phi J_I$, $y_{i, \tilde{a}} \in \Phi J_{i, \tilde{a}}$

GIVE AN ELEMENT $\langle x \rangle \in \varinjlim_{\tilde{I}} \Phi \Gamma$

$$\& \theta [Q, \Gamma, \langle x \rangle] = \langle [y_I] \rangle$$

θ IS ONE-ONE



$$\langle x_{\tilde{I}_1} \in \Phi \Gamma_1 \tilde{I}_1 \rangle$$

$$\langle z_{\tilde{I}_2} \in \Phi \Gamma_2 \tilde{I}_2 \rangle$$

WHICH θ IDENTIFIES IN $\varinjlim_I \varinjlim_{\tilde{I}_i} \Phi_{\tilde{I}_i}$

$\forall I$ PICK \tilde{I}_1, \tilde{I}_2 ST $Q_i \tilde{I}_i = I$

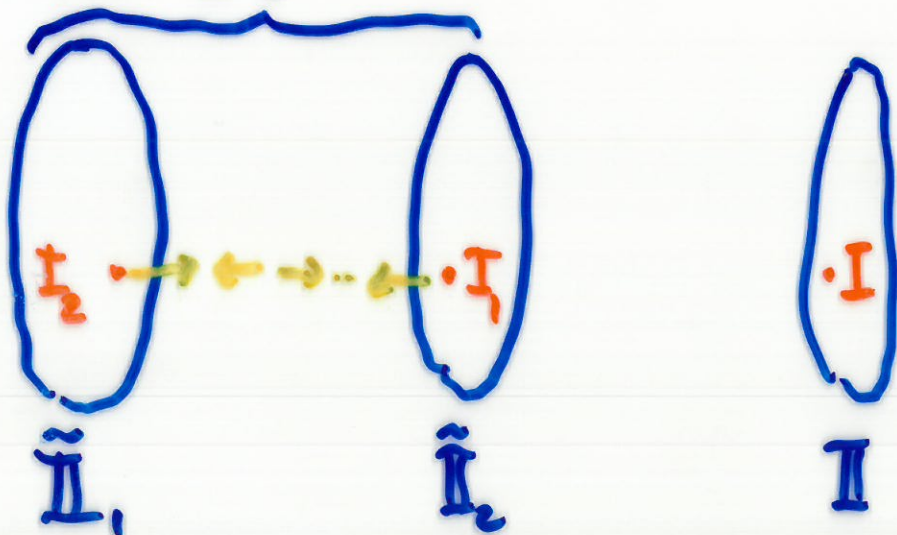
THEN $x_{\tilde{I}_1} \in \Phi \Gamma_1 \tilde{I}_1 \sim z_{\tilde{I}_2} \in \Phi \Gamma_2 \tilde{I}_2$

PICK A PATH

$$\Gamma_1 \tilde{I}_1 \rightarrow J_1 \leftarrow J_2 \rightarrow \dots \leftarrow J_n \leftarrow \Gamma_2 \tilde{I}_2$$

$$x_{\tilde{I}_1} \mapsto y_1 \leftarrow y_2 \mapsto \dots \leftarrow y_n \leftarrow z_{\tilde{I}_2} \text{ IN } \Phi$$

BUILD \tilde{I}



CONSTRUCT $\Gamma: \tilde{I} \rightarrow J$ OUT OF J_i

AND FAM OF ELTS FROM x, y, z

RESTRICT TO x, y

SPECIAL CASES

1. P is $P_1 : I \times K \rightarrow I$

A LOCAL SECTION IS JUST $\tilde{I} \xrightarrow{\Gamma} K$

$$\lim_{\leftarrow I} \lim_{\rightarrow K} \Phi(I, K) \cong \lim_{\leftarrow \tilde{I}} \lim_{\rightarrow K} \Phi(Q\tilde{I}, \Gamma\tilde{I})$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{I} & \xrightarrow{\Gamma} & K \\ & \searrow Q & \downarrow \\ & & I \end{array}$

2. $P: J \rightarrow I$ IS A DISCRETE COFIBRATION

LOCAL SECTIONS ARE CONSTANT ON FIBRES AND CAN BE REPLACED BY ACTUAL SECTIONS (DISCRETE)

$$\lim_{\leftarrow I} \sum_{J \in J_i} \Phi(J) \cong \sum_{\langle J_i \rangle \in \lim_{\leftarrow I} J_i} \lim_{\leftarrow I} \Phi(J_i)$$

FUNCTORIAL VERSION

$\mathbb{L}S(P)$ = CAT OF LOCAL SECTIONS OF P

$\mathbb{L}S(P) \rightarrow \text{CAT}$

GIVES COFIB

Cov

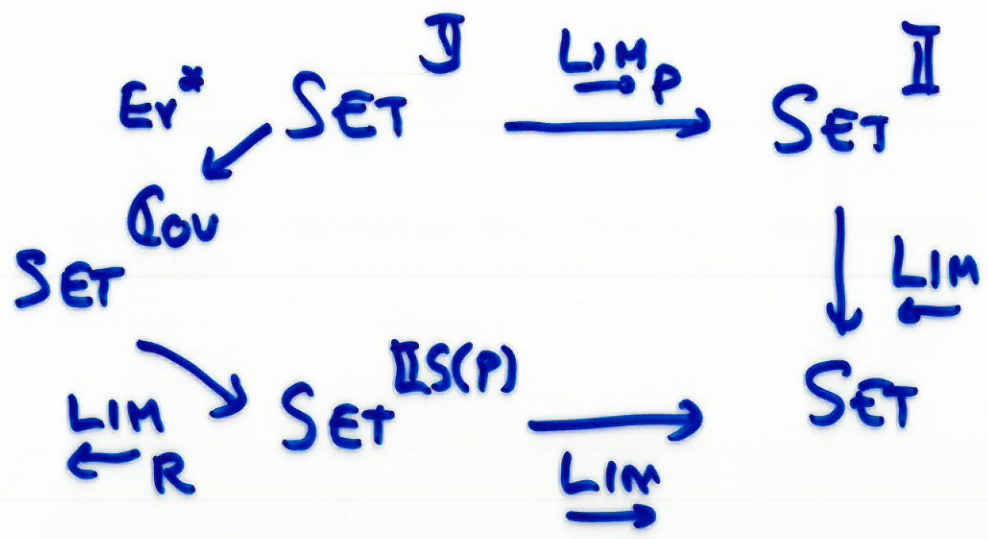
$\downarrow R$

$\mathbb{L}S(P)$



OBJ OF Cov IS $\tilde{I} \in \tilde{I} \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{\Gamma} J \\ \xrightarrow{Q} I \end{matrix}$

$Ev: \text{Cov} \rightarrow J$



KAN EXTENSIONS

IF $P: J \rightarrow I$ IS NOT A COFIBRATION
 WE CAN TAKE LEFT KAN EXTENSION

$$\text{LAN}_P \Phi(I) = \varinjlim_{P \downarrow J \rightarrow I} \Phi J$$

THIS AMMOUNTS TO REPLACING P BY

$$\partial_1: (P, I) \rightarrow I$$

LOCAL SECTIONS OF ∂_1 ARE LOCAL
 "PRE-SECTIONS" OF P

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \Gamma & J \\ & \nearrow & \downarrow P \\ \tilde{I} & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & I \\ & \searrow & \\ Q & \nearrow & I \end{array}$$

$$\varinjlim_I \text{LAN}_P \Phi \cong \varinjlim_{\tilde{I}} \varinjlim_{\begin{array}{ccc} & \Gamma & J \\ & \nearrow & \downarrow P \\ \tilde{I} & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & I \\ & \searrow & \\ Q & \nearrow & I \end{array}} \Phi \Gamma$$