

# ACSC/STAT 4703, Actuarial Models II

Fall 2017

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Homework Sheet 4

Due: Friday 3rd November: 11:30 PM

## Basic Questions

1. An insurance company sells car insurance. It estimates that the standard deviation of the aggregate annual claim is \$3,691 and the mean is \$725.  
(a) How many years history are needed for an individual or group to be assigned full credibility? (Use  $r = 0.01$ ,  $p = 0.95$ .)  
The standard premium for this policy is \$725. An individual has claimed a total of \$3,300 in the last 10 years.  
(b) What is the Credibility premium for this individual, using limited fluctuation credibility?
2. A car insurance company classifies drivers as good or bad. Annual claims from good drivers follow a gamma distribution with  $\alpha = 4$  and  $\theta = 200$ . Annual claims from bad drivers follow a Pareto distribution with shape  $\alpha = 5$  and  $\theta = 6000$ . 75% of individuals are good drivers.  
(a) Calculate the expectation and variance of the aggregate annual claims from a randomly chosen driver.  
(b) Given that a driver's annual claims over the past 3 years are \$1,000, \$600 and \$800, what are the expectation and variance of the driver's claims next year?
3. The number of claims made by an individual in a year follows a Poisson distribution with mean  $\Lambda$ , where the value of  $\Lambda$  follows a Pareto distribution with  $\alpha = 4.6$  and  $\theta = 0.24$ . Given that an individual has made three claims in the past 7 years, what is the expected number of claims made in the next year?

## Standard Questions

4. For a certain insurance policy, the book premium is based on average claim frequency of 0.3 claims per year, and average claim severity of \$4,030. A particular group has made 130 claims from 987 policies in the last year. The average claim severity was \$7,414. Estimate the credibility premium for this group using limited fluctuation credibility if the standard for full credibility is:

- (a) 203 claims for claim frequency, 740 claims for severity.
  - (b) 1406 policies for claim frequency, 740 claims for severity.
  - (c) 1721 policies for aggregate claims.
5. An insurance company has 3 years of past history on a driver, denoted  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ ,  $X_4$ . It uses a formula  $\hat{X}_5 = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 X_1 + \alpha_2 X_2 + \alpha_3 X_3 + \alpha_4 X_4$  to calculate the credibility premium in the fourth year. It has the following information on the driver:
- In year 1, the expected aggregate claim was \$2,000.
  - Expected aggregate claims increase by 5% per year.
  - The coefficient of variation of the aggregate claims is 0.7 in every year.
  - The correlation (recall  $\text{Corr}(X, Y) = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(X) \text{Var}(Y)}}$ ) between aggregate claims in years  $i$  and  $j$  is  $e^{-|i-j|}$ .

Find a set of equations which can determine the values of  $\alpha_0$ ,  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_3$  and  $\alpha_4$ . [You do not need to solve these equations.]